

Test Booklet Code

**S1**

**SURYAA**

No. : **5141860**

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

**Important Instructions :**

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen** only for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **S1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

SEAL

1. An electron is accelerated through a potential difference of 10,000 V. Its de Broglie wavelength is, (nearly) (in  $\text{\AA}$ )
- (1)  $12.2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$
  - (2)  $12.2 \text{ nm}$
  - (3)  $12.2 \times 10^{-12} \text{ m}$
  - (4)  $12.2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}$

2. The speed of a swimmer in still water is 20 m/s. The speed of river water is 10 m/s and is flowing due east. If he is standing on the south bank and wishes to cross the river along the shortest path, the angle at which he should make his strokes w.r.t. north is given by:

- (1)  $60^\circ$  west
- (2)  $45^\circ$  west
- (3)  $30^\circ$  west
- (4)  $0^\circ$

3. A force  $F = 20 + 10y$  acts on a particle in y-direction where F is in Newton and y in meter. Work done by this force to move the particle from  $y = 0$  to  $y = 1$  m is:

- (1) 25 J
- (2) 20 J
- (3) 30 J
- (4) 5 J

4. Pick the wrong answer in the context with rainbow.

- (1) An observer can see a rainbow when his front is towards the sun.
- (2) Rainbow is a combined effect of dispersion, refraction and reflection of sunlight.
- (3) When the light rays undergo two internal reflections in a water drop, a secondary rainbow is formed.
- (4) The order of colours is reversed in the secondary rainbow.

5. In a double slit experiment, when light of wavelength 400 nm was used, the angular width of the first minima formed on a screen placed 1 m away, was found to be  $0.2^\circ$ . What will be the angular width of the first minima, if the entire experimental apparatus is immersed in water? ( $\mu_{\text{water}} = 4/3$ )

- (1)  $0.05^\circ$
- (2)  $0.1^\circ$
- (3)  $0.266^\circ$
- (4)  $0.15^\circ$

6. The displacement of a particle moving in a circle of radius  $r$  in time  $t$  is given by  $x = A_0 \sin \omega t + B \cos \omega t$ . Then the amplitude of its oscillation is:

- (1)  $\sqrt{A_0^2 + (A+B)^2}$
- (2)  $A+B$
- (3)  $A_0 + \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$
- (4)  $\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$

7. A solid cylinder of mass 2 kg and radius 1 m is rotating about its axis at the rate of 3 rps. The torque required to stop after 25 revolutions is:

- (1)  $12 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N m}$
- (2)  $2 \times 10^6 \text{ N m}$
- (3)  $2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N m}$
- (4)  $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N m}$

8. At a point A on the earth's surface the angle of dip is  $25^\circ$ . At a point B on the earth's surface the angle of dip is  $25^\circ$ . We can interpret that:

- (1) A is located in the northern hemisphere and B is located in the southern hemisphere.
- (2) A and B are both located in the southern hemisphere.
- (3) A and B are both located in the northern hemisphere.
- (4) A is located in the southern hemisphere and B is located in the northern hemisphere.

9. The work done to raise a mass  $m$  from the surface of the earth to a height  $h$ , which is equal to the radius of the earth, is:

- (1)  $\frac{1}{2} mgR$
- (2)  $\frac{3}{2} mgR$
- (3)  $mgR$
- (4)  $2 mgR$

10. A body weighs 200 N on the surface of the earth. How much will it weigh half way down to the centre of the earth?

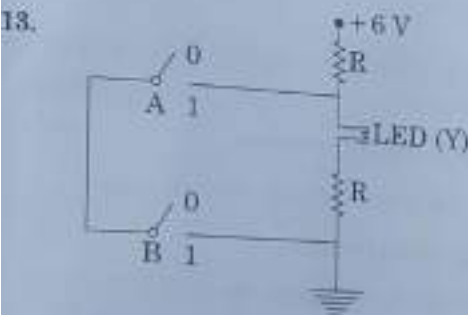
- (1) 250 N
- (2) 100 N
- (3) 150 N
- (4) 200 N

11. For a p-type semiconductor, which of the following statements is true ?

- (1) Holes are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
- (2) Electrons are the majority carriers and pentavalent atoms are the dopants.
- (3) Electrons are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.
- (4) Holes are the majority carriers and trivalent atoms are the dopants.

12. A small hole of area of cross-section  $2 \text{ mm}^2$  is present near the bottom of a fully filled open tank of height 2 m. Taking  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ , the rate of flow of water through the open hole would be nearly :

- (1)  $2.23 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- (2)  $6.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- (3)  $12.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$
- (4)  $8.9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$



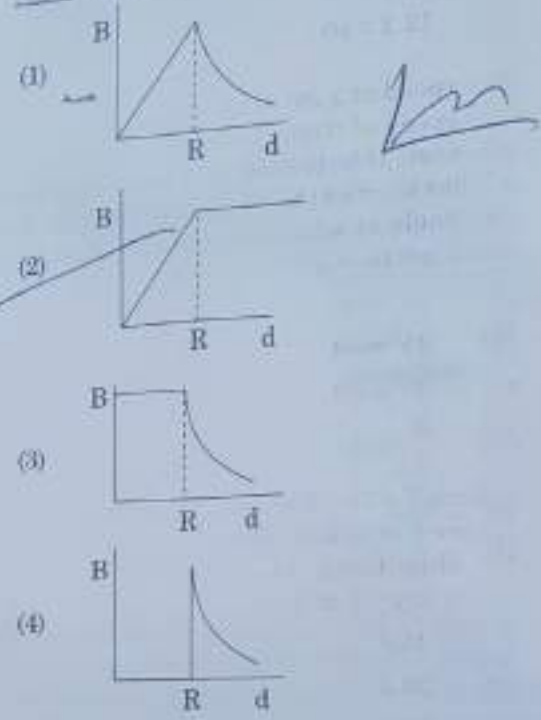
The correct Boolean operation represented by the circuit diagram drawn is :

- (1) NAND
- (2) NOR
- (3) AND
- (4) OR

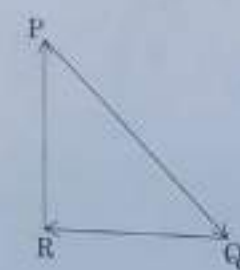
14. A hollow metal sphere of radius  $R$  is uniformly charged. The electric field due to the sphere at a distance  $r$  from the centre :

- (1) zero as  $r$  increases for  $r < R$ , increases as  $r$  increases for  $r > R$
- (2) decreases as  $r$  increases for  $r < R$  and for  $r > R$
- (3) increases as  $r$  increases for  $r < R$  and for  $r > R$
- (4) zero as  $r$  increases for  $r < R$ , decreases as  $r$  increases for  $r > R$

15. A cylindrical conductor of radius  $R$  is carrying a constant current. The plot of the magnitude of the magnetic field,  $B$  with the distance,  $d$ , from the centre of the conductor, is correctly represented by the figure :



16. A particle moving with velocity  $\vec{V}$  is acted by three forces shown by the vector triangle PQR. The velocity of the particle will :



- (1) remain constant
- (2) change according to the smallest force  $\vec{QR}$
- (3) increase
- (4) decrease

17. A copper rod of 88 cm and an aluminium rod of unknown length have their increase in length independent of increase in temperature. The length of aluminium rod is : ( $\alpha_{Cu} = 1.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$  and  $\alpha_{Al} = 2.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )

- (1) 88 cm
- (2) 68 cm
- (3) 6.8 cm
- (4) 113.9 cm

18. Ionised hydrogen atoms and  $\alpha$ -particles with same momenta enters perpendicular to a constant magnetic field, B. The ratio of their radii of their paths  $r_H : r_\alpha$  will be :

- (1) 4 : 1
- (2) 1 : 4
- (3) 2 : 1
- (4) 1 : 2

19. When a block of mass M is suspended by a long wire of length L, the length of the wire becomes (L + D). The elastic potential energy stored in the extended wire is :

- (1)  $\frac{1}{2} MgL$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{2} MgL$
- (3)  $\frac{MgL}{2}$
- (4)  $MgL$

20. A soap bubble, having radius of 1 mm, is blown from a detergent solution having a surface tension of  $2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N/m}$ . The pressure inside the bubble equals at a point  $Z_0$  below the free surface of water in a container. Taking  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ , density of water =  $10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , the value of  $Z_0$  is :

- (1) 1 cm
- (2) 0.5 cm
- (3) 100 cm
- (4) 10 cm

Handwritten calculation for Q20:  
 $2.5 \times 10^{-2}$   
 $Z_0 \cdot \rho \cdot g = \frac{4\sigma}{r}$   
 $Z_0 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10 = \frac{4 \cdot 2.5 \times 10^{-2}}{10^{-3}}$   
 $Z_0 = \frac{10^{-2}}{10^3 \cdot 10} = 10^{-5} \text{ m} = 10^{-3} \text{ cm} = 0.001 \text{ cm}$

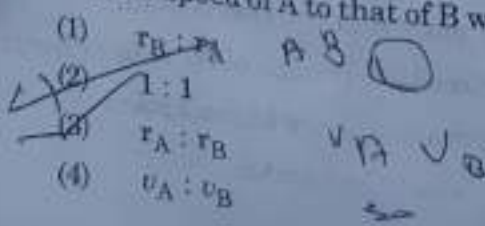
21. A disc of radius 2 m and mass 100 kg rolls on a horizontal floor. Its centre of mass has speed of 20 cm/s. How much work is needed to stop it ?

- (1) 2 J
- (2) 1 J
- (3) 3 J
- (4) 30 kJ

Handwritten notes for Q21:  
 2m box  
 2m  
 dist on floor

22. Two particles A and B are moving in uniform circular motion in concentric circles of radii  $r_A$  and  $r_B$  with speed  $v_A$  and  $v_B$  respectively. Their time period of rotation is the same. The ratio of angular speed of A to that of B will be :

- (1)  $r_B : r_A$
- (2) 1 : 1
- (3)  $r_A : r_B$
- (4)  $v_A : v_B$



23. The unit of thermal conductivity is :

- (1)  $\text{W m K}^{-1}$
- (2)  $\text{W m}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$
- (3)  $\text{J m K}^{-1}$
- (4)  $\text{J m}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}$

24. In an experiment, the percentage of error occurred in the measurement of physical quantities A, B, C and D are 1%, 2%, 3% and 4% respectively. Then the maximum percentage of error in the measurement X, where  $X = \frac{A^2 B^{1/2}}{C^{1/3} D^3}$ , will be

- (1) -10%
- (2) 10%
- (3)  $\left(\frac{3}{13}\right)\%$
- (4) 16%

25. Increase in temperature of a gas filled in a container would lead to :

- (1) decrease in its pressure
- (2) decrease in intermolecular distance
- (3) increase in its mass
- (4) increase in its kinetic energy

26. Which of the following acts as a circuit protection device ?

- (1) switch
- (2) fuse
- (3) conductor
- (4) inductor

27. Average velocity of a particle executing SHM one complete vibration is :

- (1)  $\frac{A\omega^2}{2}$
- (2) zero
- (3)  $\frac{A\omega}{2}$

28. Two similar thin equi-convex lenses, of focal length  $f$  each, are kept coaxially in contact with each other such that the focal length of the combination is  $F_1$ . When the space between the two lenses is filled with glycerin (which has the same refractive index ( $\mu = 1.5$ ) as that of glass) then the equivalent focal length is  $F_2$ . The ratio  $F_1 : F_2$  will be :

- (1) 2 : 3
- (2) 3 : 4
- (3) 2 : 1
- (4) 1 : 2

$\mu = 1.5$

29. Which colour of the light has the longest wavelength?

- (1) green
- (2) violet
- (3) red
- (4) blue

30. Two point charges A and B, having charges  $+Q$  and  $-Q$  respectively, are placed at certain distance apart and force acting between them is  $F$ . If 25% charge of A is transferred to B, then force between the charges becomes :

- (1)  $\frac{16F}{9}$
- (2)  $\frac{4F}{3}$
- (3)  $F$
- (4)  $\frac{9F}{16}$

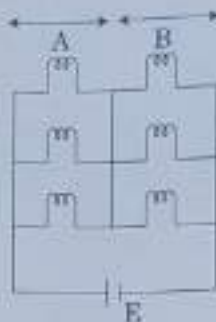
31. When an object is shot from the bottom of a long smooth inclined plane kept at an angle  $60^\circ$  with horizontal, it can travel a distance  $x_1$  along the plane. But when the inclination is decreased to  $30^\circ$  and the same object is shot with the same velocity, it can travel  $x_2$  distance. Then  $x_1 : x_2$  will be :

- (1)  $1 : \sqrt{3}$
- (2)  $1 : 2\sqrt{3}$
- (3)  $1 : \sqrt{2}$
- (4)  $\sqrt{2} : 1$

$x_1, x_2$   
 $30^\circ$

32. Six similar bulbs are connected as shown in the figure with a DC source of emf  $E$ , and zero internal resistance.

The ratio of power consumption by the bulbs when (i) all are glowing and (ii) in the situation when two from section A and one from section B are glowing, will be :



- (1) 1 : 2
- (2) 2 : 1
- (3) 4 : 9
- (4) 9 : 4

33. The total energy of an electron in an atom in an orbit is  $-3.4 \text{ eV}$ . Its kinetic and potential energies are, respectively :

- (1)  $3.4 \text{ eV}, -6.8 \text{ eV}$
- (2)  $3.4 \text{ eV}, 3.4 \text{ eV}$
- (3)  $-3.4 \text{ eV}, -3.4 \text{ eV}$
- (4)  $-3.4 \text{ eV}, -6.8 \text{ eV}$

34. In total internal reflection when the angle of incidence is equal to the critical angle for the pair of media in contact, what will be angle of refraction?

- (1) equal to angle of incidence
- (2)  $90^\circ$
- (3)  $180^\circ$
- (4)  $0^\circ$



35. A mass  $m$  is attached to a thin wire and whirled in a vertical circle. The wire is most likely to break when :

- (1) the mass is at the lowest point
- (2) inclined at an angle of  $60^\circ$  from vertical
- (3) the mass is at the highest point
- (4) the wire is horizontal

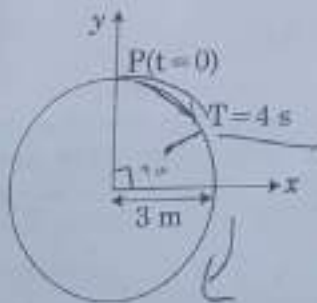
36. A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance  $20 \mu\text{F}$  is being charged by a voltage source whose potential is changing at the rate of  $3 \text{ V/s}$ . The conduction current through the connecting wires, and the displacement current through the plates of the capacitor, would be, respectively:

- (1)  $60 \mu\text{A}$ , zero  
 (2) zero, zero  
 (3) zero,  $60 \mu\text{A}$   
 (4)  $60 \mu\text{A}$ ,  $60 \mu\text{A}$

37. Body A of mass  $4m$  moving with speed  $u$  collides with another body B of mass  $2m$ , at rest. The collision is head on and elastic in nature. After the collision the fraction of energy lost by the colliding body A is:

- (1)  $\frac{4}{9}$   
 (2)  $\frac{5}{9}$   
 (3)  $\frac{1}{9}$   
 (4)  $\frac{8}{9}$

38. The radius of circle, the period of revolution, initial position and sense of revolution are indicated in the fig.



$y$ -projection of the radius vector of rotating particle P is:

- (1)  $y(t) = 3 \cos\left(\frac{3\pi t}{2}\right)$ , where  $y$  in m  
 (2)  $y(t) = 3 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)$ , where  $y$  in m  
 (3)  $y(t) = -3 \cos 2\pi t$ , where  $y$  in m  
 (4)  $y(t) = 4 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)$ , where  $y$  in m

39. A block of mass  $10 \text{ kg}$  is in contact against the inner wall of a hollow cylindrical drum of radius  $1 \text{ m}$ . The coefficient of friction between the block and the inner wall of the cylinder is  $0.1$ . The minimum angular velocity needed for the cylinder to keep the block stationary when the cylinder is vertical and rotating about its axis, will be ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

- (1)  $10 \text{ rad/s}$   
 (2)  $10 \pi \text{ rad/s}$   
 (3)  $\sqrt{10} \text{ rad/s}$   
 (4)  $\frac{10}{2\pi} \text{ rad/s}$

40. In which of the following processes, heat is neither absorbed nor released by a system?

- (1) isobaric  
 (2) isochoric  
 (3) isothermal  
 (4) adiabatic

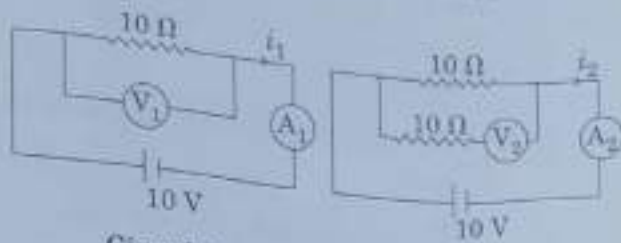
41.  $\alpha$ -particle consists of:

- (1) 2 electrons and 4 protons only  
 (2) 2 protons only  
 (3) 2 protons and 2 neutrons only  
 (4) 2 electrons, 2 protons and 2 neutrons

42. A 800 turn coil of effective area  $0.05 \text{ m}^2$  is kept perpendicular to a magnetic field  $5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$ . When the plane of the coil is rotated by  $90^\circ$  about any of its coplanar axis in  $0.1 \text{ s}$ , the emf induced in the coil will be:

- (1)  $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V}$   
 (2)  $0.02 \text{ V}$   
 (3)  $2 \text{ V}$   
 (4)  $0.2 \text{ V}$

43. In the circuits shown below, the readings of the voltmeters and the ammeters will be :



Circuit 1

Circuit 2

- (1)  $V_1 = V_2$  and  $i_1 = i_2$
  - (2)  $V_2 > V_1$  and  $i_1 > i_2$
  - (3)  $V_2 > V_1$  and  $i_1 = i_2$
  - (4)  $V_1 = V_2$  and  $i_1 > i_2$
44. Two parallel infinite line charges with linear charge densities  $+\lambda$  C/m and  $-\lambda$  C/m are placed at a distance of  $2R$  in free space. What is the electric field mid-way between the two line charges?
- (1)  $\frac{\lambda}{\pi\epsilon_0 R}$  N/C
  - (2)  $\frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 R}$  N/C
  - (3) zero
  - (4)  $\frac{2\lambda}{\pi\epsilon_0 R}$  N/C
45. In which of the following devices, the eddy current effect is not used?
- (1) electromagnet
  - (2) electric heater
  - (3) induction furnace
  - (4) magnetic braking in train
46. Cells in  $G_0$  phase :
- (1) suspend the cell cycle
  - (2) terminate the cell cycle
  - (3) exit the cell cycle
  - (4) enter the cell cycle

47. Which of the following sexually transmitted diseases is not completely curable?
- (1) Genital herpes
  - (2) Chlamydia
  - (3) Gonorrhoea
  - (4) Genital warts
48. Under which of the following conditions will there be no change in the reading frame of following mRNA?
- 5' AACAGCGGUGCUAUU 3' AACCCG
- (1) Insertion of A and G at 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> positions respectively
  - (2) Deletion of GGU from 7<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> positions
  - (3) Insertion of G at 5<sup>th</sup> position
  - (4) Deletion of G from 5<sup>th</sup> position
49. Which one of the following equipments is essentially required for growing microbes on a large scale, for industrial production of enzymes?
- (1) Industrial oven
  - (2) Bioreactor
  - (3) BOD incubator
  - (4) Sludge digester
50. From evolutionary point of view, retention of the female gametophyte with developing young embryo on the parent sporophyte for some time, is first observed in :
- (1) Pteridophytes
  - (2) Gymnosperms
  - (3) Liverworts
  - (4) Mosses
51. Identify the correct pair representing the causative agent of typhoid fever and the confirmatory test for typhoid.
- (1) *Salmonella typhi* / Anthrone test
  - (2) *Salmonella typhi* / Widal test
  - (3) *Plasmodium vivax* / UTI test
  - (4) *Streptococcus pneumoniae* / Widal test

S1  
52. Which of these following methods is the most suitable for disposal of nuclear waste?—

- (1) Dump the waste within rocks under deep ocean
- (2) Bury the waste within rocks deep below the Earth's surface
- (3) Shoot the waste into space
- (4) Bury the waste under Antarctic ice-cover

53. The concept of "Omnis cellula-e cellula" regarding cell division was first proposed by:

- (1) Schleiden
- (2) Aristotle
- (3) Rudolf Virchow
- (4) Theodore Schwann

54. Phloem in gymnosperms lacks:

- ~~(1) Companion cells only~~
- (2) Both sieve tubes and companion cells
- (3) Albuminous cells and sieve cells
- (4) Sieve tubes only

55. It takes very long time for pineapple plants to produce flowers. Which combination of hormones can be applied to artificially induce flowering in pineapple plants throughout the year to increase yield?

- (1) Gibberellin and Abscisic acid
- (2) Cytokinin and Abscisic acid
- (3) Auxin and Ethylene
- ~~(4) Gibberellin and Cytokinin~~

56. In some plants, the female gamete develops into embryo without fertilization. This phenomenon is known as:

- (1) Syngamy
- (2) Parthenogenesis
- (3) Autogamy
- ~~(4) Parthenocarpy~~

57. Which of the following factors is responsible for the formation of concentrated urine?

- (1) Secretion of erythropoietin by Juxtaglomerular complex.
- (2) Hydrostatic pressure during glomerular filtration.
- ~~(3) Low levels of antidiuretic hormone.~~
- (4) Maintaining hyperosmolarity towards inner medullary interstitium in the kidneys.

58. Which of the following features of genetic code does allow bacteria to produce human insulin by recombinant DNA technology?

- ~~(1) Genetic code is nearly universal~~
- (2) Genetic code is specific
- (3) Genetic code is not ambiguous
- (4) Genetic code is redundant

59. Which of the following is true for Golden rice?

- (1) It is drought tolerant, developed using Agrobacterium vector.
- (2) It has yellow grains, because of a gene introduced from a primitive variety of rice.
- ~~(3) It is Vitamin A enriched, with a gene from daffodil.~~
- (4) It is pest resistant, with a gene from Bacillus thuringiensis.

60. DNA precipitation out of a mixture of biomolecules can be achieved by treatment with:

- (1) Methanol at room temperature
- (2) Chilled chloroform
- ~~(3) Isopropanol~~
- (4) Chilled ethanol



61. Select the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) In domesticated fowls, sex of progeny depends on the type of sperm rather than egg.
- (2) Human males have one of their sex chromosomes much shorter than the other.
- (3) Male fruit fly is heterogametic.
- (4) In male grasshoppers, 50% of sperms have no sex-chromosome.

62. Which one of the following statements regarding post-fertilization development in flowering plants is **incorrect**?

- (1) Central cell develops into endosperm
- (2) Ovules develop into embryo sac
- (3) Ovary develops into fruit
- (4) Zygote develops into embryo

63. Match the following genes of the Lac operon with their respective products:

- (a) i gene (i)  $\beta$ -galactosidase
- (b) z gene (ii) Permease
- (c) a gene (iii) Repressor
- (d) y gene (iv) Transacetylase

Select the **correct** option.

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  | (ii) |
| (3) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv) |

64. Which of the following muscular disorders is inherited?

- (1) Myasthenia gravis
- (2) Botulism
- (3) Tetany
- (4) Muscular dystrophy

65. In Antirrhinum (Snapdragon), a red flower was crossed with a white flower and in  $F_1$  generation, pink flowers were obtained. When pink flowers were selfed, the  $F_2$  generation showed white, red and pink flowers. Choose the **incorrect** statement from the following:

- (1) Ratio of  $F_2$  is  $\frac{1}{4}$  (Red) :  $\frac{2}{4}$  (Pink) :  $\frac{1}{4}$  (White)
- (2) Law of Segregation does not apply in this experiment.
- (3) This experiment does not follow the Principle of Dominance.
- (4) Pink colour in  $F_1$  is due to incomplete dominance.

66. Which of the following is a commercial blood cholesterol lowering agent?

- (1) Streptokinase
- (2) Lipases
- (3) Cyclosporin A
- (4) Statin

67. Conversion of glucose to glucose-6-phosphate, the first irreversible reaction of glycolysis, is catalyzed by:

- (1) Enolase
- (2) Phosphofructokinase
- (3) Aldolase
- (4) Hexokinase

68. The shorter and longer arms of a submetacentric chromosome are referred to as:

- (1) q-arm and p-arm respectively
- (2) m-arm and n-arm respectively
- (3) s-arm and l-arm respectively
- (4) p-arm and q-arm respectively

69. Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?

- (1) Infective constituent in viruses is the protein coat.
- (2) Prions consist of abnormally folded proteins.
- (3) Viroids lack a protein coat.
- (4) Viruses are obligate parasites.

51  
51  
70. What would be the heart rate of a person if the cardiac output is 5 L, blood volume in the ventricles at the end of diastole is 100 mL, and at the end of ventricular systole is 50 mL?

- (1) 100 beats per minute  
 (2) 125 beats per minute  
 (3) 50 beats per minute  
 (4) 75 beats per minute
- Handwritten calculations:  
 $150$   
 $100 - 50 = 50$   
 $5 \times 60 = 300$   
 $300 / 50 = 6$   
 $6 \times 100 = 600$   
 $600 / 4 = 150$

71. Select the correct option.

- (1) Each rib is a flat thin bone and all the ribs are connected dorsally to the thoracic vertebrae and ventrally to the sternum.  
 (2) There are seven pairs of vertebrosteral, three pairs of vertebrochondral and two pairs of vertebral ribs.  
 (3) 8<sup>th</sup>, 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> pairs of ribs articulate directly with the sternum.  
 (4) 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> pairs of ribs are connected to the sternum with the help of hyaline cartilage.

72. Match the following hormones with the respective disease :

- |                    |                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Insulin        | (i) Addison's disease   |
| (b) Thyroxin       | (ii) Diabetes insipidus |
| (c) Corticoids     | (iii) Acromegaly        |
| (d) Growth Hormone | (iv) Goitre             |
|                    | (v) Diabetes mellitus   |

Select the correct option.

- |          |      |       |       |
|----------|------|-------|-------|
| (a)      | (b)  | (c)   | (d)   |
| (1) (v)  | (iv) | (i)   | (iii) |
| (2) (ii) | (iv) | (i)   | (iii) |
| (3) (v)  | (i)  | (ii)  | (iii) |
| (4) (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i)   |

73. Which of the following is the most important cause for animals and plants being driven to extinction?

- (1) Economic exploitation  
 (2) Alien species invasion  
 (3) Habitat loss and fragmentation  
 (4) Drought and floods

74. What is the site of perception of photoperiod necessary for induction of flowering in plants?

- (1) Shoot apex  
 (2) Leaves  
 (3) Lateral buds  
 (4) Pulvinus

75. The frequency of recombination between genes on the same chromosome as a measure of distance between genes was explained by:

- (1) Alfred Sturtevant  
 (2) Sutton Boveri  
 (3) T.H. Morgan  
 (4) Gregor J. Mendel

76. Which of the following immune responses responsible for rejection of kidney graft?

- (1) Inflammatory immune response  
 (2) Cell-mediated immune response  
 (3) Auto-immune response  
 (4) Humoral immune response

77. Grass leaves curl inwards during very dry weather. Select the most appropriate reason for the following :

- (1) Shrinkage of air spaces in spongy mesophyll  
 (2) Tyloses in vessels  
 (3) Closure of stomata  
 (4) Flaccidity of bulliform cells

78. Purines found both in DNA and RNA are :

- (1) Guanine and cytosine  
 (2) Cytosine and thymine  
 (3) Adenine and thymine  
 (4) Adenine and guanine

79. The correct sequence of phases of cell cycle is:

- (1) S → G<sub>1</sub> → G<sub>2</sub> → M  
 (2) G<sub>1</sub> → S → G<sub>2</sub> → M  
 (3) M → G<sub>1</sub> → G<sub>2</sub> → S  
 (4) G<sub>1</sub> → G<sub>2</sub> → S → M

80. Match the following structures with their respective location in organs:
- |                          |                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Crypts of Lieberkühn | (i) Pancreas          |
| (b) Glisson's Capsule    | (ii) Duodenum         |
| (c) Islets of Langerhans | (iii) Small intestine |
| (d) Brunner's Glands     | (iv) Liver            |

Select the correct option from the following:

- |                         |
|-------------------------|
| (1) (a) (b) (c) (d)     |
| (2) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) |
| (3) (iii) (a) (i) (iv)  |
| (4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) |

81. Which of the following glucose transporters is insulin-dependent?

- (1) GLUT III
- (2) GLUT IV
- (3) GLUT I
- (4) GLUT II

82. Which of the following statements regarding mitochondria is incorrect?

- (1) Inner membrane is convoluted with infoldings.
- (2) Mitochondrial matrix contains single circular DNA molecule and ribosomes.
- (3) Outer membrane is permeable to monomers of carbohydrates, fats and proteins.
- (4) Enzymes of electron transport are embedded in outer membrane.

83. Polyblend, a fine powder of recycled modified plastic, has proved to be a good material for:

- (1) construction of roads
- (2) making tubes and pipes
- (3) making plastic sacks
- (4) use as a fertilizer

84. Which of the following protocols did aim for reducing emission of chlorofluorocarbons into the atmosphere?

- (1) Gothenburg Protocol
- (2) Geneva Protocol
- (3) Montreal Protocol
- (4) Kyoto Protocol

85. Pinus seed cannot germinate and establish without fungal association. This is because:

- (1) it has very hard seed coat.
- (2) its seeds contain inhibitors that prevent germination.
- (3) its embryo is immature.
- (4) it has obligate association with mycorrhizae.

86. Identify the cells whose secretion protects the lining of gastro-intestinal tract from various enzymes.

- (1) Oxyntic Cells
- (2) Duodenal Cells
- (3) Chief Cells
- (4) Goblet Cells

87. Which one of the following is not a method of *in situ* conservation of biodiversity?

- (1) Botanical Garden
- (2) Sacred Grove
- (3) Biosphere Reserve
- (4) Wildlife Sanctuary

88. Select the incorrect statement.

- (1) Inbreeding selects harmful recessive genes that reduce fertility and productivity.
- (2) Inbreeding helps in accumulation of superior genes and elimination of undesirable genes.
- (3) Inbreeding increases homozygosity.
- (4) Inbreeding is essential to evolve purelines in any animal.

89. Tidal Volume and Expiratory Reserve Volume of an athlete is 500 mL and 1000 mL respectively. What will be his Expiratory Capacity if the Residual Volume is 1200 mL?

- (1) 2200 mL
  - (2) 2700 mL
  - (3) 1500 mL
  - (4) 1700 mL
- 1200  
Ex - 500 + 1000

S1

90. Xylem translocates :

- (1) Water, mineral salts and some organic nitrogen only
- (2) Water, mineral salts, some organic nitrogen and hormones
- (3) Water only
- (4) Water and mineral salts only

91. Select the correct sequence of organs in the alimentary canal of cockroach starting from mouth :

- (1) Pharynx → Oesophagus → Gizzard → Ileum → Crop → Colon → Rectum
- (2) Pharynx → Oesophagus → Ileum → Crop → Gizzard → Colon → Rectum
- (3) Pharynx → Oesophagus → Crop → Gizzard → Ileum → Colon → Rectum
- (4) Pharynx → Oesophagus → Gizzard → Crop → Ileum → Colon → Rectum

92. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I	Column - II
(a) Saprophyte	(i) Symbiotic association of fungi with plant roots
(b) Parasite	(ii) Decomposition of dead organic materials
(c) Lichens	(iii) <u>Living on living plants or animals</u>
(d) Mycorrhiza	(iv) Symbiotic association of algae and fungi

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (3) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) |

93. Due to increasing air-borne allergens and pollutants, many people in urban areas are suffering from respiratory disorder causing wheezing due to :

- (1) proliferation of fibrous tissues and damage of the alveolar walls.
- (2) reduction in the secretion of surfactants by pneumocytes.
- (3) benign growth on mucus lining of nasal cavity.
- (4) inflammation of bronchi and bronchioles.

94. What map unit (Centimorgan) is adopted in construction of genetic maps ?

- (1) A unit of distance between genes on chromosomes, representing 1% cross over.
- (2) A unit of distance between genes on chromosomes, representing 50% cross over.
- (3) A unit of distance between two expressed genes, representing 10% cross over.
- (4) A unit of distance between two expressed genes, representing 100% cross over.

95. Consider following features :

- (a) Organ system level of organisation.
- (b) Bilateral symmetry
- (c) True coelomates with segmentation of body.

Select the correct option of animal groups which possess all the above characteristics.

- (1) Arthropoda, Mollusca and Chordata
- (2) Annelida, Mollusca and Chordata
- (3) Annelida, Arthropoda and Chordata
- (4) Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca

96. Placentation, in which ovules develop on the wall of the ovary or in peripheral part, is :

- (1) Parietal
- (2) Free central
- (3) Basal
- (4) Axile

97. *Thiobacillus* is a group of bacteria helpful in carrying out :

- (1) Nitrification
- (2) Denitrification
- (3) Nitrogen fixation
- (4) Chemocautotrophic fixation

98. Which of the following pair of organelles does contain DNA ?

- (1) Lysosomes and Vacuoles
- (2) Nuclear envelope and Mitochondria
- (3) Mitochondria and Lysosomes
- (4) Chloroplast and Vacuoles

Which of the following ecological pyramids is generally inverted?

- (1) Pyramid of biomass in a forest
- (2) Pyramid of biomass in a sea
- (3) Pyramid of numbers in grassland
- (4) Pyramid of energy

100. Consider the following statements:

- (A) Coenzyme or metal ion that is tightly bound to enzyme protein is called prosthetic group.
- (B) A complete catalytic active enzyme with its bound prosthetic group is called apoenzyme.

- Select the correct option.
- (1) Both (A) and (B) are false.
  - (2) (A) is false but (B) is true.
  - (3) Both (A) and (B) are true.
  - (4) (A) is true but (B) is false.

101. Match the hominids with their correct brain size:

- |                                  |       |              |
|----------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| (a) <i>Homo habilis</i>          | (i)   | 900 cc       |
| (b) <i>Homo neanderthalensis</i> | (ii)  | 1350 cc      |
| (c) <i>Homo erectus</i>          | (iii) | 650 - 800 cc |
| (d) <i>Homo sapiens</i>          | (iv)  | 1400 cc      |

- Select the correct option.
- |           |       |      |      |
|-----------|-------|------|------|
| (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
| (1) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  | (ii) |
| (2) (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii) |
| (3) (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii) |
| (4) (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |

102. What is the fate of the male gametes discharged in the synergid?

- (1) One fuses with the egg, other(s) fuse(s) with synergid nucleus.
- (2) One fuses with the egg and other fuses with central cell nuclei.
- (3) One fuses with the egg, other(s) degenerate(s) in the synergid.
- (4) All fuse with the egg.

103. The ciliated epithelial cells are required to move particles or mucus in a specific direction. In humans, these cells are mainly present in:

- (1) Eustachian tube and Salivary duct
- (2) Bronchioles and Fallopian tubes
- (3) Bile duct and Bronchioles
- (4) Fallopian tubes and Pancreatic duct

104. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Cornea is convex, transparent layer which is highly vascularised.
- (2) Cornea consists of dense matrix of collagen and is the most sensitive portion of the eye.
- (3) Cornea is an external, transparent and protective proteinaceous covering of the eye-ball.
- (4) Cornea consists of dense connective tissue of elastin and can repair itself.

105. Which of the following contraceptive methods do involve a role of hormone?

- (1) CuT, Pills, Emergency contraceptives
- (2) Pills, Emergency contraceptives, Barrier methods
- (3) Lactational amenorrhea, Pills, Emergency contraceptives
- (4) Barrier method, Lactational amenorrhea, Pills

106. Match the Column - I with Column - II :

- | Column - I                          | Column - II                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (a) P-wave                          | (i) Depolarisation of ventricles  |
| (b) QRS complex                     | (ii) Repolarisation of ventricles |
| (c) T-wave                          | (iii) Coronary ischemia           |
| (d) Reduction in the size of T-wave | (iv) Depolarisation of atria      |
|                                     | (v) Repolarisation of atria       |

Select the correct option.

- |          |       |      |       |
|----------|-------|------|-------|
| (a)      | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
| (1) (ii) | (i)   | (v)  | (iii) |
| (2) (ii) | (iii) | (v)  | (iv)  |
| (3) (iv) | (i)   | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) (iv) | (i)   | (ii) | (v)   |

107. Select the hormone-releasing Intra-Uterine Devices.

- (1) Progestasert, LNG-20
- (2) Lippes Loop, Multiload 375
- (3) Vaults, LNG-20
- (4) Multiload 375, Progestasert

108. Use of an artificial kidney during hemodialysis may result in:

- (a) Nitrogenous waste build-up in the body
- (b) Non-elimination of excess potassium ions
- (c) Reduced absorption of calcium ions from gastro-intestinal tract
- (d) Reduced RBC production

Which of the following options is the most appropriate?

- (1) (c) and (d) are correct
- (2) (a) and (d) are correct
- (3) (a) and (b) are correct
- (4) (b) and (c) are correct

109. A gene locus has two alleles A, a. If the frequency of dominant allele A is 0.4, then what will be the frequency of homozygous dominant, heterozygous and homozygous recessive individuals in the population?

- (1) 0.16 (AA); 0.48 (Aa); 0.36 (aa)
- (2) 0.16 (AA); 0.36 (Aa); 0.48 (aa)
- (3) 0.36 (AA); 0.48 (Aa); 0.16 (aa)
- (4) 0.16 (AA); 0.24 (Aa); 0.36 (aa)

110. The Earth Summit held in Rio de Janeiro in 1992 was called:

- (1) to assess threat posed to native species by invasive weed species.
- (2) for immediate steps to discontinue use of CFCs that were damaging the ozone layer.
- (3) to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and global warming.
- (4) for conservation of biodiversity and sustainable utilization of its benefits.

111. Select the correct sequence for transport of sperm cells in male reproductive system.

- (1) Seminiferous tubules → Vasa efferentia → Epididymis → Inguinal canal → Urethra
- (2) Testis → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia → Vas deferens → Ejaculatory duct → Inguinal canal → Urethra → Urethral meatus
- (3) Testis → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia → Rete testis → Inguinal canal → Urethra
- (4) Seminiferous tubules → Rete testis → Vasa efferentia → Epididymis → Vas deferens → Ejaculatory duct → Urethra → Urethral meatus

112. Following statements describe the characteristics of the enzyme Restriction Endonuclease. Identify the incorrect statement.

- (1) The enzyme cuts the sugar-phosphate backbone at specific sites on each strand.
- (2) The enzyme recognizes a specific palindromic nucleotide sequence in the DNA.
- (3) The enzyme cuts DNA molecule at a random position within the DNA.
- (4) The enzyme binds DNA at specific sites and cuts only one of the two strands.

113. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) Conidia are produced exogenously and ascospores endogenously.
- (2) Yeasts have filamentous bodies with thread-like hyphae.
- (3) Morels and truffles are edible delicacies.
- (4) *Claviceps* is a source of many alkaloids including LSD.

114. Colostrum, the yellowish fluid, secreted by mammary glands during the initial days of lactation is very essential to impart immunity to the newborn infants because it contains:

- (1) Macrophages
- (2) Immunoglobulin A
- (3) Natural killer cells
- (4) Monocytes

115. What is the direction of movement of sugars in phloem?

- (1) Downward  
 (2) Bi-directional  
 (3) Non-multidirectional  
 (4) Upward

116. Drug called 'Heroin' is synthesized by:

- (1) glycosylation of morphine  
 (2) nitration of morphine  
 (3) methylation of morphine  
 (4) acetylation of morphine

117. Select the correct group of biocontrol agents.

- (1) *Oscillatoria*, *Rhizobium*, *Trichoderma*  
 (2) *Nostoc*, *Azospirillum*, *Nucleopolyhedrovirus*  
 (3) *Bacillus thuringiensis*, Tobacco mosaic virus, Aphids  
 (4) *Trichoderma*, *Baculovirus*, *Bacillus thuringiensis*

118. Concanavalin A is:

- (1) a lectin  
 (2) a pigment  
 (3) an alkaloid  
 (4) an essential oil

119. Which part of the brain is responsible for thermoregulation?

- (1) Corpus callosum  
 (2) Medulla oblongata  
 (3) Cerebrum  
 (4) Hypothalamus

120. Which of the statements given below is not true about formation of Annual Rings in trees?

- (1) Activity of cambium depends upon variation in climate.  
 (2) Annual rings are not prominent in trees of temperate region.  
 (3) Annual ring is a combination of spring wood and autumn wood produced in a year.  
 (4) Differential activity of cambium causes light and dark bands of tissue - early and late wood respectively.

121. Which of the following statements is not correct?

- (1) Lysosomes are membrane bound structures.  
 (2) Lysosomes are formed by the process of packaging in the endoplasmic reticulum.  
 (3) Lysosomes have numerous hydrolytic enzymes.  
 (4) The hydrolytic enzymes of lysosomes are active under acidic pH.

122. Match the following organisms with their respective characteristics:

- |                          |                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) <i>Plasmodium</i>    | (i) Flame cells         |
| (b) <i>Bombus</i>        | (ii) Comb plates        |
| (c) <i>Pleurobrachia</i> | (iii) Radula            |
| (d) <i>Taenia</i>        | (iv) Malpighian tubules |

Select the correct option from the following:

- |     | (a)   | (b)  | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) | (i)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii)  | (i)  |

123. Respiratory Quotient (RQ) value of tripalmitin is:

- (1) 0.07  
 (2) 0.09  
 (3) 0.9  
 (4) 0.7

124. What triggers activation of protoxin to active Bt toxin of *Bacillus thuringiensis* in boll worm?

- (1) Alkaline pH of gut  
 (2) Acidic pH of stomach  
 (3) Body temperature  
 (4) Moist surface of midgut

125. Which of the following pairs of gases is mainly responsible for green house effect?

- (1) Nitrogen and Sulphur dioxide  
 (2) Carbon dioxide and Methane  
 (3) Ozone and Ammonia  
 (4) Oxygen and Nitrogen

126. Persistent nucellus in the seed is known as :

- (1) Hilum
- (2) Tegmen
- (3) Chalaza
- (4) Perisperm

127. In a species, the weight of newborn ranges from 2 to 5 kg. 97% of the newborn with an average weight between 3 to 3.3 kg survive whereas 99% of the infants born with weights from 2 to 2.5 kg or 4.5 to 5 kg die. Which type of selection process is taking place ?

- (1) Disruptive Selection
- (2) Cyclical Selection
- (3) Directional Selection
- (4) Stabilizing Selection

128. Select the **correctly** written scientific name of Mango which was first described by Carolus Linnaeus :

- (1) *Mangifera indica*
- (2) *Mangifera Indica*
- (3) *Mangifera indica* Car. Linn.
- (4) *Mangifera indica* Linn.

129. Variations caused by mutation, as proposed by Hugo de Vries, are :

- (1) small and directional
- (2) small and directionless
- (3) random and directional
- (4) random and directionless

130. What is the genetic disorder in which an individual has an overall masculine development, gynaecomastia, and is sterile ?

- (1) Edward syndrome
- (2) Down's syndrome
- (3) Turner's syndrome
- (4) Klinefelter's syndrome

131. How does steroid hormone influence the cellular activities ?

- (1) Activating cyclic AMP located on the cell membrane.
- (2) Using aquaporin channels as second messenger.
- (3) Changing the permeability of the cell membrane.
- (4) Binding to DNA and forming a gene-hormone complex.

132. Match the following organisms with the products they produce :

- |                                     |                   |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| (a) <i>Lactobacillus</i>            | (i) Cheese        |
| (b) <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> | (ii) Curd         |
| (c) <i>Aspergillus niger</i>        | (iii) Citric Acid |
| (d) <i>Acetobacter aceti</i>        | (iv) Bread        |
|                                     | (v) Acetic Acid   |

Select the correct option.

- |   | (a)   | (b)  | (c)   | (d)   |
|---|-------|------|-------|-------|
| (1)                                     | (iii) | (iv) | (v)   | (i)   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (2) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) | (v)   |
| (3)                                     | (ii)  | (iv) | (v)   | (iii) |
| (4)                                     | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) | (v)   |

133. Which of the following can be used as a biocontrol agent in the treatment of plant disease ?

- (1) *Anabaena*
- (2) *Lactobacillus*
- (3) *Trichoderma*
- (4) *Chlorella*

134. Expressed Sequence Tags (ESTs) refer to :

- (1) DNA polymorphism
- (2) Novel DNA sequences
- (3) Genes expressed as RNA
- (4) Polypeptide expression

135. Extrusion of second polar body from egg nucleus occurs :

- (1) before entry of sperm into ovum
- (2) simultaneously with first cleavage
- (3) after entry of sperm but before fertilization
- (4) after fertilization

136. The number of sigma ( $\sigma$ ) and pi ( $\pi$ ) bonds in pent-2-en-4-yne is :

- (1) 11  $\sigma$  bonds and 2  $\pi$  bonds
- (2) 13  $\sigma$  bonds and no  $\pi$  bond
- (3) 10  $\sigma$  bonds and 3  $\pi$  bonds
- (4) 8  $\sigma$  bonds and 5  $\pi$  bonds





137. Which of the following species is not stable?

- (1)  $[Si(OH)_4]^{2-}$
- (2)  $[SiCl_3]^-$
- (3)  $[SiF_6]^{2-}$
- (4)  $[GeCl_6]^{2-}$

138. For a cell involving one electron,  $E_{cell}^0 = 0.59$  V at 298 K, the equilibrium constant for the cell reaction is:

Given that  $\frac{2.303 RT}{F} = 0.059$  V at  $T = 298$  K

$$E^0 = \frac{2.3 \times 3}{F} = 0.59$$

- (1)  $1.0 \times 10^{10}$
- (2)  $1.0 \times 10^{16}$
- (3)  $1.0 \times 10^2$
- (4)  $1.0 \times 10^7$

139. Which of the following is an amphoteric hydroxide?

- (1)  $Mg(OH)_2$
- (2)  $Be(OH)_2$
- (3)  $Sc(OH)_3$
- (4)  $Ca(OH)_2$

140. The biodegradable polymer is:

- (1) nylon-6
- (2) Buna-S
- (3) nylon-6,6
- (4) nylon-2-nylon-6

141. Match the following:

- (a) Pure nitrogen
- (b) Haber process
- (c) Contact process
- (d) Deacon's process
- (e) Chlorine
- (f) Sulphuric acid
- (g) Ammonia
- (h) Sodium azide or Barium azide

Which of the following is the correct option?

- (a) (a) (c) (d)
- (b) (a) (b) (d)
- (c) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)
- (d) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)

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142. The mixture that forms maximum boiling azeotrope is:

- (1) Acetone + Carbon disulphide
- (2) Heptane + Octane
- (3) Water + Nitric acid
- (4) Ethanol + Water

143. Which mixture of the solutions will lead to the formation of negatively charged colloidal  $[AgI]$ ?

- (1) 50 mL of 2 M  $AgNO_3$  + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
- (2) 50 mL of 0.1 M  $AgNO_3$  + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
- (3) 50 mL of 1 M  $AgNO_3$  + 50 mL of 1.5 M KI
- (4) 50 mL of 1 M  $AgNO_3$  + 50 mL of 2 M KI

144. The non-essential amino acid among the following is:

- (1) alanine
- (2) lysine
- (3) valine
- (4) leucine

145. Match the Xenon compounds in Column-I with its structure in Column-II and assign the correct code:

- | Column-I     | Column-II                  |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| (a) $XeF_4$  | (i) pyramidal              |
| (b) $XeF_6$  | (ii) square planar         |
| (c) $XeOF_4$ | (iii) distorted octahedral |
| (d) $XeO_3$  | (iv) square pyramidal      |

Code:

- (1) (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

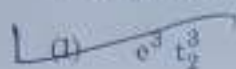


146. Enzymes that utilize ATP in inorganic phosphate transfer require an alkaline earth metal (M) as the cofactor.

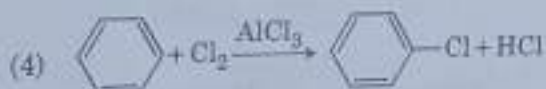
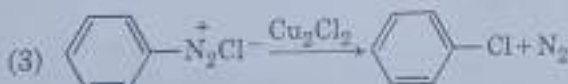
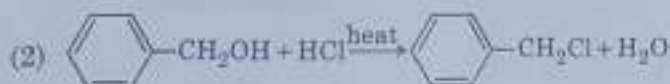
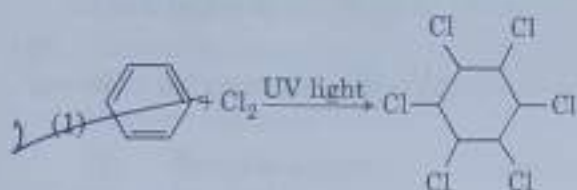
M is:

- (1) Ca
- (2) Sr
- (3) Ba
- (4) Mg

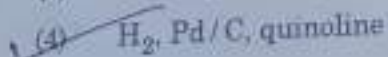
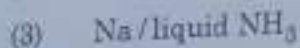
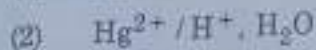
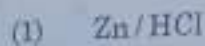
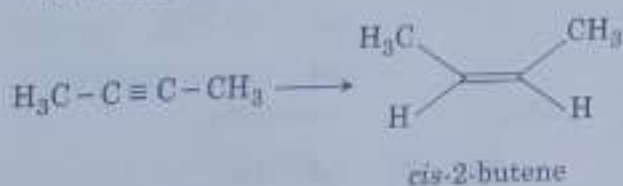
147. What is the correct electronic configuration of the central atom in  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$  based on crystal field theory?



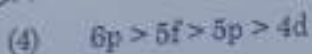
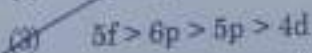
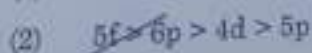
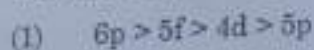
148. Among the following, the reaction that proceeds through an electrophilic substitution, is:



149. The most suitable reagent for the following conversion, is:



150. 4d, 5p, 5f and 6p orbitals are arranged in the order of decreasing energy. The correct option is:



151. The manganate and permanganate ions are tetrahedral, due to:

(1) The  $\pi$ -bonding involves overlap of p-orbitals of oxygen with p-orbitals of manganese

(2) ~~The  $\pi$ -bonding involves overlap of d-orbitals of oxygen with d-orbitals of manganese~~

(3) The  $\pi$ -bonding involves overlap of p-orbitals of oxygen with d-orbitals of manganese

(4) There is no  $\pi$ -bonding

152. For the second period elements the correct increasing order of first ionisation enthalpy is:

(1)  $Li < B < Be < C < N < O < F < Ne$

(2)  $Li < Be < B < C < O < N < F < Ne$

(3)  $Li < Be < B < C < N < O < F < Ne$

(4)  $Li < B < Be < C < O < N < F < Ne$

153. Which is the correct thermal stability order for  $H_2E$  ( $E = O, S, Se, Te$  and  $Po$ )?

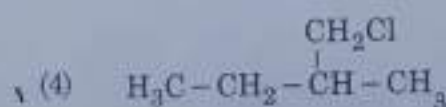
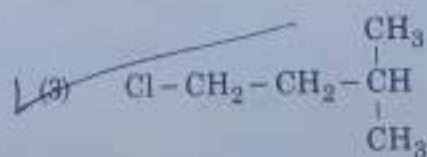
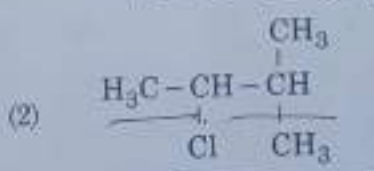
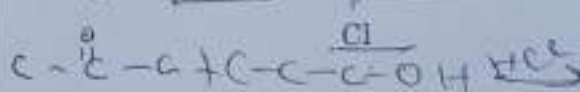
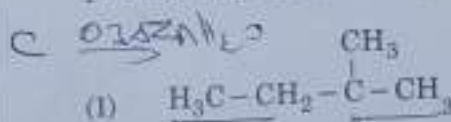
(1)  $H_2Po < H_2Te < H_2Se < H_2S < H_2O$

(2)  $H_2Se < H_2Te < H_2Po < H_2O < H_2S$

(3)  $H_2S < H_2O < H_2Se < H_2Te < H_2Po$

(4)  $H_2O < H_2S < H_2Se < H_2Te < H_2Po$

154. An alkene "A" on reaction with  $O_3$  and  $Zn-H_2$  gives propanone and ethanal in equimolar ratio. Addition of HCl to alkene "A" gives "B" as the major product. The structure of product "B" is:



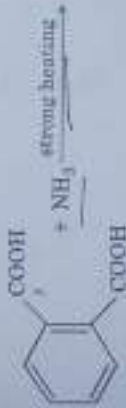
156. Which one is malachite from the following?

- (1)  $Pb_3O_4$
- (2)  $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
- (3)  $CuFeS_2$
- (4)  $Cu(OH)_2$

157. Among the following, the narrow spectrum antibiotics:

- (1) amoxycillin
- (2) chloramphenicol
- (3) penicillin G
- (4) ampicillin

158. The major product of the following reaction is:



- (1) OC(=O)c1ccc(N)cc1
- (2) NC1=CC=CC=C1
- (3) OC(=O)c1ccc(NC(=O)N)cc1
- (4) O=C1NC(=O)C=C1

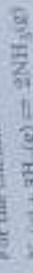
159. Which of the following reactions are disproportionation reactions?

- (a)  $2Cu^+ \rightarrow Cu^{2+} + Cu^0$
- (b)  $2MnO_4^{2-} + 4H^+ \rightarrow 2MnO_4^- + MnO_2 + 2H_2O$
- (c)  $2KMnO_4 \xrightarrow{\Delta} K_2MnO_4 + MnO_2 + O_2$
- (d)  $2MnO_4^- + 3Mn^{2+} + 2H_2O \rightarrow 5MnO_2 + 4H^+$

Select the correct option from the following:

- (1) (a), (c) and (d)
- (2) (a) and (b) only
- (3) (a) and (b) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (d)

160. For the chemical reaction



the correct options are:

- (1)  $-\frac{d[N_2]}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$
- (2)  $-\frac{d[H_2]}{dt} = 2 \frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$
- (3)  $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{d[H_2]}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$
- (4)  $-\frac{d[N_2]}{dt} = 2 \frac{d[NH_3]}{dt}$

161. The compound that is most difficult to protonate is:

- (1) CCOC
- (2) c1ccccc1O
- (3) O
- (4) CCOC

162. Among the following, the one that is not a greenhouse gas is:

- (1) CO2
- (2) CH4
- (3) N2O
- (4) CH4

162. The number of moles of hydrogen molecules required to produce 20 moles of ammonia through Haber's process is :

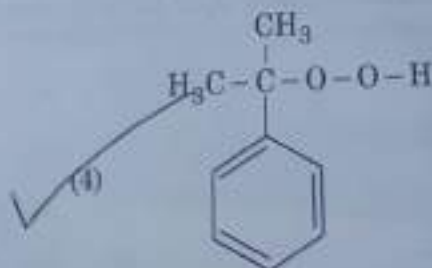
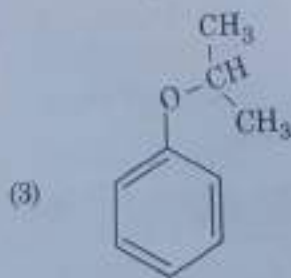
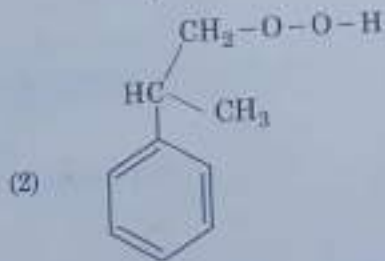
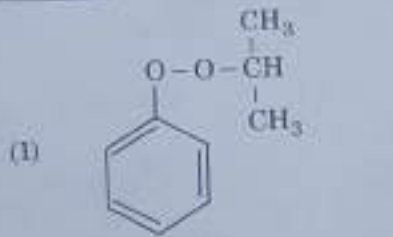
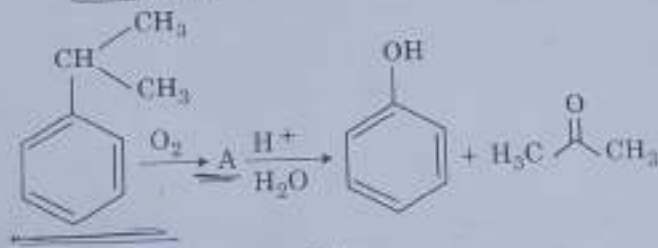
- (1) 30
- ✓ (2) 40
- (3) 10
- (4) 20

163. A gas at 350 K and 15 bar has molar volume 20 percent smaller than that for an ideal gas under the same conditions. The correct option about the gas and its compressibility factor (Z) is :

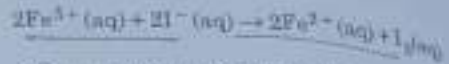
350 K  
15 bar  
20%

- (1)  $Z < 1$  and attractive forces are dominant
- (2)  $Z < 1$  and repulsive forces are dominant
- (3)  $Z > 1$  and attractive forces are dominant
- ✓ (4)  $Z > 1$  and repulsive forces are dominant

164. The structure of intermediate A in the following reaction, is :



165. For the cell reaction



$E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = 0.24 \text{ V}$  at 298 K. The standard Gibbs free energy ( $\Delta_r G^{\circ}$ ) of the cell reaction is

[Given that Faraday constant  $F = 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$ ]

- (1)  $46.32 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (2)  $23.16 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (3)  $-46.32 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- ✓ (4)  $-23.16 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

166. Under isothermal condition, a gas at 200 K expands from 0.1 L to 0.25 L against a constant external pressure of 2 bar. The work done by the gas is :

[Given that 1 L bar = 100 J]

- (1) 25 J
- (2) 30 J
- (3) -30 J
- ✓ (4) 5 kJ

167. Which of the following is incorrect statement?

- (1)  $\text{GeX}_4$  (X = F, Cl, Br, I) is more stable than  $\text{GeX}_2$
- (2)  $\text{SnF}_4$  is ionic in nature
- ✓ (3)  $\text{PbF}_4$  is covalent in nature
- (4)  $\text{SiCl}_4$  is easily hydrolysed

168. pH of a saturated solution of  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  is 9. The solubility product ( $K_{sp}$ ) of  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  is :

- (1)  $0.125 \times 10^{-15}$
- (2)  $0.5 \times 10^{-10}$
- (3)  $0.5 \times 10^{-15}$
- (4)  $0.25 \times 10^{-10}$

9  
 $K_{sp} = K$

169. Which of the following series of transitions in the spectrum of hydrogen atom falls in visible region?

- (1) Paschen series
- (2) Brackett series
- (3) Lyman series
- ✓ (4) Balmer series

170. For an ideal solution, the correct option is
- (1)  $\Delta_{mix} H = 0$  at constant T and p
  - (2)  $\Delta_{mix} G = 0$  at constant T and p
  - (3)  $\Delta_{mix} S = 0$  at constant T and p
  - (4)  $\Delta_{mix} V = 0$  at constant T and p

171. The method used to remove temporary hardness of water is:
- (1) Ion-exchange method
  - (2) Synthetic resin method
  - (3) Calgon's method
  - (4) Clark's method

172. Conjugate base for Benzoic acids  $H_2O$  and  $HF$  are:
- (1)  $OH^-$  and  $F^-$  respectively
  - (2)  $H_3O^+$  and  $H_2P^+$  respectively
  - (3)  $OH^-$  and  $H_2F^+$  respectively
  - (4)  $H_3O^+$  and  $F^-$  respectively

173. The correct order of the basic strength of methyl substituted amines in aqueous solution is:
- (1)  $(CH_3)_4N > (CH_3)_2NH > CH_3NH_2$
  - (2)  $CH_3NH_2 > (CH_3)_2NH > (CH_3)_3N$
  - (3)  $(CH_3)_2NH > CH_3NH_2 > (CH_3)_3N$
  - (4)  $(CH_3)_3N > CH_3NH_2 > (CH_3)_2NH$

174. The correct structure of dibromooctadecane is:
- (1)  $\begin{matrix} O & O & O \\ | & | & | \\ -O-Br-Br-Br-O \\ | & | & | \\ O & O & O \end{matrix}$
  - (2)  $\begin{matrix} O & O & O \\ | & | & | \\ O-Br-Br-Br-O \\ | & | & | \\ O & O & O \end{matrix}$
  - (3)  $\begin{matrix} O & O & O \\ | & | & | \\ O-Br-Br-Br-O \\ | & | & | \\ O & O & O \end{matrix}$
  - (4)  $\begin{matrix} O & O & O \\ | & | & | \\ O-Br-Br-Br-O \\ | & | & | \\ O & O & O \end{matrix}$

176. In which case change in entropy is negative?
- (1) Sublimation of solid to gas
  - (2)  $2H(g) \rightarrow H_2(g)$
  - (3) Evaporation of water
  - (4) Expansion of a gas at constant temperature

176. Which of the following quantum molecular species has only  $\pi$  bonds according to Molecular Orbital Theory?
- (1)  $C_2$
  - (2)  $Be_2$
  - (3)  $O_2$
  - (4)  $N_2$

177. If the rate constant for a first order reaction is  $k$ , the time (t) required for the completion of 90% of the reaction is given by
- (1)  $t = 4.605/k$
  - (2)  $t = 2.303/k$
  - (3)  $t = 0.2953/k$
  - (4)  $t = 0.9589/k$

178. Which will make basic buffer?
- (1) 100 mL of 0.1 M HCl + 200 mL of 0.1 M  $NH_4OH$
  - (2) 100 mL of 0.1 M HCl + 100 mL of 0.1 M NaOH
  - (3) 50 mL of 0.1 M NaOH + 25 mL of 0.1 M  $CH_3COOH$
  - (4) 100 mL of 0.1 M  $CH_3COOH$  + 100 mL of 0.1 M  $NH_4OH$

179. Identify the incorrect statement related to  $PCl_5$  from the following
- (1) Axial P-Cl bonds are longer than equatorial P-Cl bonds
  - (2)  $PCl_5$  molecule is non-reactive
  - (3) Three equatorial P-Cl bonds make an angle of  $120^\circ$  with each other
  - (4) Two axial P-Cl bonds make an angle of  $180^\circ$  with each other

180. A compound is formed by cation C and anion A. The anions form hexagonal close packed (hcp) lattice and the cations occupy 75% of octahedral voids. The formula of the compound is:
- (1)  $C_2A_3$
  - (2)  $C_3A_4$
  - (3)  $C_4A_3$
  - (4)  $C_3A_2$